- Be active for at least 30 minutes every day.
- Wear supportive footwear.
- Have regular medical check-ups.
- Remove clutter.
- Use secure handrails.
- Use Walking Aids correctly.
- Eat healthy meals and drink plenty of water.
- Use medication safely.

#### INJURY PREVENTION

# INJURY PREVENTION



- Be able to identify early signs of depression and/or dementia.
- Be sensitive to older person's multiple losses.
- Understanding and defining the illness itself.
- Recognize opportunities to transition; alternative and more appropriate programming.
- Know when to seek help from other professionals and referrals.
- Understand there is always a reason for a shift in behaviour.
- Understand stigma attached to some illnesses.
- Take older person seriously.

**MENTAL HEALTH** 

### **MENTAL HEALTH**



#### To the Older Adult:

- It is never too late to start being active.
- Be active for at least 30 minutes every day.
- Being active supports disease prevention, and disease management.
- Being active helps to maintain independence.
- Activity has to become part of the daily routine.

#### To the Instructors/ Activity Leaders:

- Assess participants needs and ability.
- · Safety and risk management.
- Keep things fun, functional, creative and provide variety.

#### PHYSICAL ACTIVITY

## PHYSICAL ACTIVITY



- Eat regular, healthy meals.
- Take calcium and Vitamin D.
- Drink plenty of water.
- Practice food security.
- Watch for sudden weight fluctuations.
- Understand the social component of eating.
- Balance food intake and activity.
- Modify diet for chronic diseases.

**HEALTHY EATING** 

## **HEALTHY EATING**

